



The proper management of company wastewater must be based on a fundamental concept: DISTRI-BUTE and not disposal.

Keeping this in mind it is then possible to consider slurry a product that holds intrinsic value and thus manage it better.

Experts assure us that wastewater represents a valuable resource that can totally replace soil fertilisation.

Nitrogen present in slurry if well managed can, in fact provide all the necessary support to agriculture whether it is wheat or corn.

So that the nitrogen can be absorbed by plants it must be distributed to a depth of not more than 20 cm and at a distance of approximately 35 cm (which is the surface area covered by plant roots). Immediate slurry coverage is furthermore crucial so that the ammonia contained within it is not dispersed into the atmosphere.

The ma/ag IDL spreader is the ideal tool for the wise management of company wastewater.





IDL

FRONT HOEING BLADE

The innovative ma/ag solution for the management of company wastewater resulting from livestock and BIO GAS installations.

Due to the revolutionary landfill device (PATENTED), processes can be carried out even with abundant crop residues.

Available in various configurations for coupling to self-propelled barrel harvesters as well as towed for product distribution using an umbilical system.

- The front hoeing blade, allows the machine to be used even when there is an abundant amount of corn stalks in the field, without clogging problems.
- The scraper made of highly wear-resistant material ensures high performance.
- The robust compensation springs allow efficient grove opening work.
- The rear hoeing blades allow the slurry injected into the ground to be covered.



Allows the injection of slurry (digestion or manure) to a maximum depth of 15 cm. The system was designed to be used in areas where significant crop residues are present.

The cutting blade makes a front opening which allows the coulter/spreader to deposit significant amounts of the product into the ground. The equipment can be completed with various tools placed behind it, that cover the grove created in this way avoiding dispersion through evaporation into the atmosphere.

When working in moist or clay plots the IDL system does not interfere or affect subsequent processes, since the disturbance created to the ground is minimal. The uniqueness, with which the groove for slurry injection is created creates a "sponge" effect thus speeding up the absorption of the product distributed. The grove's outer walls are not smoothed or compressed. Thus it avoids the formation of a poorly permeable "channel" that holds the slurry over a long period and causing considerable disadvantages for subsequent processing, but above all negating the advantages of the distribution of a fertiliser at zero cost.



